Wentian Zhang

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EDUCATION	
University of Rochester , Rochester, NY, U.S. <i>Ph.D. Student in Finance</i>	Jul 2019 - present
 Duke University, Durham, NC, U.S. <i>M.A. in Economics</i> Cumulative GPA: 3.815/4.000 Award: <i>M.A. Merit Scholar</i> (2018) 	Aug 2017 - May 2019
 Capital University of Economics and Business, Beijing, China B.A. in Economics Cumulative GPA: 4.09/5.00 Awards: Excellence Scholarship (2014, 2015, 2016), Merit Student (2014) 	Sep 2013 - Jun 2017

RESEARCH INTERESTS

Empirical Corporate Finance, Innovation

WORKING PAPERS

Innovation after the Breakup of Supplier-customer Relationship

Abstract: This paper studies the effect of breaking up a supplier-customer relationship on corporate innovation. To establish causality, I construct instrumental variables for breakup events by exploiting the exogenous natural disasters that disrupt firms' production and supply chains. I find that supplier-customer relationship breakup results in significant decreases in the bidirectional knowledge diffusion between supplier and customer firms and their respective innovation activities. These findings indicate that a considerable amount of innovation is relationship-specific. Additional tests show that suppliers' difficulty in finding new customer firms having a harder time searching for new suppliers. The results imply that suppliers are taking more responsibility in maintaining the relationships with their clients. Instead of having more new trading partners to substitute for the lost relationships, the customer firms switch to existing suppliers in closer technology proximity to itself or other suppliers, which provides empirical evidence on the spillover effect of relationship breakup on related firms' innovation in the production network.

The Impact of Antitakeover Protections on Innovative Firms

Abstract: This paper studies the differential effect of antitakeover protections on firms with different R&D stocks. By exploiting the staggered adoption of Business Combination laws, I employ difference-in-difference-indifferences to identify the difference in causal effects on firms with different R&D stocks. I also use the instrumental variable method to solve the endogeneity problem brought by R&D stocks. The results show that after the enactment of Business Combination laws, the patent quantity of innovative firms with larger R&D stocks increases. In contrast, the patent quantity decreases for non-innovative firms with lower R&D stocks. This paper contributes to the debate on the role of antitakeover protections and sheds light on antitakeover policies for innovative firms.

TEACHING EXPERIENCE	
Simon Business School, University of Rochester	
TA: Investments (FIN411, MSc, MBA)	2021
Lab Instructor: Capital Budgeting and Corporate Objectives (FIN402, MBA)	2021
TA: Fixed Income Securities (FIN448, MSc)	2021
TA: Foundations in Financial Economics (FIN462, MSc)	2021
TA: Investments (FIN411, MSc, MBA)	2020

RESEARCH ASSISTANCE

Fuqua School of Business, Duke University National Bureau of Statistics, China *Quantitative Model of Low-Carbon Economy in China and Policy Analysis*

Apr 2018 - Dec 2019 Jun 2016 - May 2017

GRANTS AND AWARDS

Doctoral Fellowship, Simon Business School, University of Rochester	2019-Present
M.A. Merit Scholar, Duke University	2018
Excellence Scholarship, Capital University of Economics and Business	2014-2016
Social Work Scholarship, Capital University of Economics and Business	2015
Merit Student, Capital University of Economics and Business	2014

NON-ACADEMIC EXPERIENCE

Ping An Bank Company Ltd.,	Mar 2017 - Jun 2017
Investment Banking Intern, Beijing, China	
KPMG Advisory (China) Ltd.,	Jun 2016 - Nov 2016
Financial Management Consulting Trainee, Beijing, China	

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Computer skills:	Stata, Python, SAS, Matlab, LaTeX
Languages:	English (Fluent), Mandarin (Native)